

POTOMAC RIVER BASIN LINGANORE CREEK, FREDERICK COUNTY

MARYLAND

LAKE LINGANORE

NDI ID NO. MD-21

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LAKE LINGANORE ASSOCIATION

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

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Prepared For
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

DACW31-80-C-0050

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JULY 1980

Approved for Public releases

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@Edward J. /Zeigler POTOMAC RIVER BASIN LINGANORE CREEK, FREDERICK COUNTY MARYLAND > National Dam Inspection Frogram. LAKE LINGANORE NDI-ID MD-21 AND THE OPE ASSOCIATION PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM ul 80 Prepared for: DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Baltimore District Corps of Engineers Baltimore, Maryland 9CW31-80-C By: RUMMEL, KLEPPER & KAHL Consulting Engineers 1035 N. Calvert Street Baltimore, Maryland July 1980 411913

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Department of the Army, Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314.

The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon visual observations and review of available data. Detailed investigations and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, material testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the inspection is intended to identify any need for such studies which should be performed by the owner.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of the dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external factors which are evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

The assessment of the conditions and recommendations was made by the consulting engineer in accordance with generally and currently accepted engineering principles and practices.

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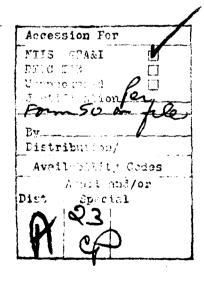
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CONTENTS

		Description	•	Page
SECTION 1	-	Project Information		1
SECTION 2	-	Design Data		5
SECTION 3	-	Visual Inspection		7
SECTION 4		Operational Procedures		9
SECTION 5	-	Hydrology and Hydraulics		10
SECTION 6	-	Structural Stability		13
SECTION 7	-	Assessment, Recommendations, and Proposed Remedial Measures		15

APPENDICES

Appendix	Title
A	Visual Inspection Checklist
В	Engineering Data Checklist
C	Photographs
D	Hydrology and Hydraulics
E	Plates
F	Geology



PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

BRIEF ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITION AND RECOMMENDED ACTION

Name of Dam:

Lake Linganore

NDI ID NO. MD-21

Size:

Intermediate (7900 acre-feet, 62.5 feet high)

Hazard Classification:

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Owner:

Lake Linganore Association New Market, Maryland 21774

State Located:
County Located:

Maryland Frederick

Stream:

Linganore Creek

Dates of Inspection:

June 24, 1980 and July 15, 1980

Based on the visual inspection, available records, past operational performance, and in accordance with the guideline criteria established for these studies, the embankment of Lake Linganore Dam is judged to be in fair condition. However, since the spillway is seriously inadequate based on hydrologic and hydraulic analyses, the dam is classified unsafe, non-emergency.

Lake Linganore Dam is an earthfill embankment which is approximately 750 feet long and 62.5 feet high at its maximum section. Water level of the lake is generally maintained at elevation 308, the elevation of the crest of the ogee spillway. The water level of the lake can be lowered by opening a manually operated sluice gate located in the vault at the downstream toe of the dam.

In the Spring of 1980, extensive repairs were made to the Lake Linganore Dam. Concrete had to be pumped below a concrete apron in the spillway where bearing material had been partially removed by erosion. A crack in the apron which extended up the side of the left retaining wall of the spillway in two locations was sealed during the repairs. Extensive erosion had occurred along the banks of the stilling pond and at the base of the spillway, particularly at the base of the left retaining wall. As part of the repairs, additional riprap slope protection was placed downstream of the left retaining wall of the spillway. At the time of our inspection, the remedial measures appeared to have succeeded.

The downstream slope of the embankment was found to be covered with many small trees and shrubs. Some surface erosion was noted near the left end of the downstream slope, and a shallow erosion gully was noted near the right end of the downstream slope. A seepage area was noted near the toe of the downstream slope at the right end of the dam, and a wet area was noted downstream of the toe just left of the spillway. According to the dam crest survey, the low point along the crest is adjacent to the right retaining wall of the spillway. The elevation of this low point is less than the design crest elevation of the dam.

According to the hydrologic and hydraulic analyses, Lake Linganore Dam will overtop by 0.6 foot for a duration of 4 hours during a flood equalling 50% of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). The analyses indicate that the Lake Linganore Dam spillway can pass approximately 48% of the PMF without overtopping the dam. Consequently, the spillway capacity is rated as seriously inadequate, and the dam is unsafe, nonemergency. It is judged that the overtopping could result in a failure of the dam embankment. Since a dam failure would result in an increased hazard to loss of life and property downstream, a high hazard classification is warranted.

The following remedial measures are recommended to be accomplished by the Owner immediately:

- 1. Retain a Professional Engineer experienced in dam design and construction to perform detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analysis to further assess spillway adequacy and develop remedial measures to provide adequate spillway capacity.
- 2. Build up the dam crest as required to restore the original dam design crest elevation of +325.
- 3. Remove all woody vegetation from the downstream slope of the embankment.
- 4. Repair the surface erosion and erosion gully noted on the downstream slope.
- 5. Regularly inspect and monitor the spillway retaining walls, the seepage area noted near the toe of the embankment at the right end of the dam, and the wet area noted downstream of the left retaining wall of the spillway. If movement of the retaining walls is detected, remedial measures should be taken to repair the walls. If the rate or turbidity of the flow from the seepage area increases significantly, or if the wet area enlarges significantly, the Owner should retain the services of a Professional Engineer experienced in dam design and construction to investigate the source of the water and to recommend a means of controlling the flow.
- 6. Add a gate to the upstream end of the 48-inch diversion pipe to allow for cutting off flow under the dam should repairs to the pipe become necessary in the future.
- 7. Develop a formal program of maintenance and inspection for the dam and appurtenant structures.
- 8. Develop a formal warning system to alert the downstream residents and the City of Frederick in the event of emergencies.

Submitted by:

RUMMEL, KLEPPER & KAHL

Edward J. Zeigler, Associate

Approved by:

JAMES W. PECK

Colonel, Corps of Engineers District Engineer

Date: 22 Sep 1980

LAKE LINGANORE



Spillway and stilling pond



Upstream face of dam and riprap slope protection

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

LAKE LINGANORE NDI ID NO. MD-21

SECTION 1 PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General.

- a. Authority. The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of dams throughout the United States.
- b. <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of the dam inspection program is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.

1.2 Description of Project.

a. Dam and Appurtenances. The Lake Linganore Dam consists of an earth embankment approximately 750 feet long and 62.5 feet high at its maximum section. The crest of the dam has a minimum crest width of 12 feet. The flood discharge facilities for the dam include a 48-inch diameter diversion pipe and sluice gate vault, and a 122 foot wide ogee crest spillway. Discharge from the ogee crest spillway flows into a riprap protected stilling pond bounded on the west by an embankment carrying Eagleshead Road over Linganore Creek. Water flows from the stilling pond into Linganore Creek through two corrugated steel pipes passing through the roadway embankment.

The water level of the lake is normally maintained at elevation 308, the crest elevation of the ogee spillway. The lake can be lowered below normal pool elevation by manually opening the sluice gate.

- b. Location. The dam is located on Linganore Creek in the Potomac River drainage basin in Frederick County, Maryland. The location is shown on U.S.G.S. Quadrangle, Walkersville, Maryland, at latitude N 39° 25' 10" and longitude W 77° 20' 20". A location map is included in Plate E-1.
- c. Size Classification. Intermediate (62.5 feet high, 7900 acre-feet).

- d. Hazard Classification. High hazard. Failure of the Lake Linganore Dam would cause serious damage to the City of Frederick Water Purification Plant which is situated adjacent to Linganore Creek approximately 1.8 miles downstream of the dam. Dam failure could also flood two residences located between the dam and the water purification plant. Consequently, a high hazard classification is warranted.
- e. Ownership. Lake Linganore Association, New Market, Maryland 21774
- f. Purpose of Impoundment. Recreational lake.
- g. Design and Construction History. The Lake Linganore Dam was constructed in 1972. Construction drawings, design information, and pertinent correspondence regarding the dam were obtained from the State of Maryland Water Resources Administration. The dam was designed and construction inspection was provided by Robert B. Balter, Soil and Foundation Consultants, Inc., of Owings Mills, Maryland. The dam was constructed by Dewey Jordon, Inc. of New Market, Maryland. Repairs which were made to the dam in the Spring of 1980 were recommended by both the Robert B. Balter Company, and Harris, Smariga & Associates, Inc. of Frederick, Maryland. Inspection of the repairs was provided by Harris, Smariga & Associates, Inc.
- h. Normal Operating Procedure. The lake is maintained at the crest elevation of the ogee spillway. The water level in the lake can be lowered through the 48 inch diversion pipe, as it had to be to complete the required repairs in the Spring of 1980, by opening the manually operated sluice gate located in a vault at the downstream toe of the dam. A 16 inch pipe is constructed through the right end of the ogee spillway for the purpose of providing required low flow releases.

1.3 Pertinent Data.

a. Drainage Area.

82 square miles

b. Discharge at Dam Site(cfs).

29780

c. Elevation (Feet).

325 (design) Top of Dam 324.5(low point on crest) Maximum Pool 322.9 (design flood wall) Normal Pool 308 (spillway crest) Upstream Invert Outlet Works 265 Downstream Invert Outlet Works 262 Maximum Tailwater Unknown Downstream Toe 262 Invert 16 inch Low Flow Release Conduit 293

d. Reservoir Length (Feet).

Normal Pool 11,500+ Maximum Pool 84,000+

e. Storage (Acre-Feet).

Normal Pool Level 2700
Maximum Pool Level 7300
Top of Dam 7880

f. Reservoir Surface (Acres).

Normal Pool Level 215
Maximum Pool Level 388
Top of Dam 407

g. Dam.

Type

Volume of Fill

Length

Height

Width of Top

Side Slopes

Earthfill

40,000 cubic yards

750+ feet

62.5 feet

12+ feet

Downstream: 1V:2H

Upstream:

Above riprap: 1V:2

Above riprap: 1V:2.5H Below riprap: 1V:3H

Zoning None Impervious Core None

Cutoff Keyway comprised of compacted fill

Grout Curtain None

h. Outlet Works (48-Inch Conduit).

Length Closure Access 250+ feet
48-inch Sluice gate
Accessible from downstream
Toe of Dam

i. Regulating Pipe (16-inch Conduit)

Length Location 20+ feet Through right end of ogee spillway 293

Invert Elevation Regulating facilities

12 inch orifice plate attached to upstream side of conduit

j. Spillway

Type
Length
Crest Elevation
Gates
Upstream Channel
Downstream Channel

Ogee crest spillway 122 feet 308 None Lake Stilling basin

SECTION 2 DESIGN DATA

2.1 Design.

- a. <u>Data Available</u>. Construction drawings, design data, and correspondence files regarding the dam were obtained from the State of Maryland, Water Resources Administration. It should be noted that the construction drawings do not represent the as-built condition.
 - (1) Hydrology and Hydraulics. No design computations for hydrology and hydraulic analyses are available.
 - (2) Embankment. Construction drawings, slope stability analyses and seepage analyses are available.
 - (3) Appurtenant Structures. The available information includes construction drawings.

b. Design Features.

- (1) Embankment. The typical section indicates that the embankment is constructed with compacted earthfill. Riprap slope protection is included on the upstream slope and along the downstream toe. A typical section of the dam is included as Plate E-2. The dam has a cutoff trench excavated to bedrock, and a toe filter.
- (2) Appurtenant Structures. The appurtenant structures consist of a 48-inch diversion pipe and sluice gate vault, and a 122 foot wide ogee crest spillway at the left end of the dam. Immediately downstream of the ogee crest are two overlapping concrete aprons with boulders formed into them. The aprons serve as plunge pools and the boulders as energy dissipators. A 16 inch pipe is constructed through the right end of the ogee spillway for the purpose of providing low flow releases.

c. <u>Design Data</u>.

- (1) Hydrology and Hydraulics. No design data is available.
- (2) Embankment. Available data includes construction drawings and slope stability and seepage analyses.
- 2.2 <u>Construction</u>. The only data regarding construction of the dam are included on the construction drawings and within the correspondence file obtained from the State of Maryland Water Resources Administration.

Field observations indicate that the ogee crest spillway has been constructed in conformance with the construction drawings.

- 2.3 Operation. The level of the lake normally corresponds to the elevation of the ogee crest elevation, +308. To lower the water level of the lake, the sluice gate at the downstream end of the 48-inch diversion pipe must be opened. No operating records of the dam have been kept.
- Other Investigations. The Robert B. Balter Company, Geotechnical 2.4 Engineers, prepared a report entitled, "Linganore Creek Dam, Frederick County, Maryland," in June 1978. The purpose of the report was to identify problems related to the undermining of the upper concrete apron of the spillway, and to recommend measures for repairing the apron. The report also identified erosion along the banks downstream of the spillway, and cracks and joint separations in the spillway retaining wall. A supplementary investigation into the erosion and retaining wall problems was made by Harris, Smariga & Associates, Inc. of Frederick, Maryland in 1980. The recommended repairs, which consisted of injecting concrete beneath the undermined apron, repairing cracks and joint separations in the concrete apron and in the spillway retaining walls, and replacing riprap slope protection along eroded banks downstream of the spillway, were completed in the Spring of 1980.

2.5 Evaluation.

- a. Availability. Design information was obtained from the State of Maryland, Water Resources Administration.
- b. Adequacy. The available data is sufficient to make a technical assessment of the embankment.

SECTION 3 VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings.

- a. General. The on site inspection of the Lake Linganore Dam consisted of:
 - (1) Visual inspection of the embankment and embankment toe.
 - (2) Visual examination of the appurtenant structures.
 - (3) Evaluation of the hazard potential.

The specific observations are shown on Plate A-1.

b. Embankment. The general inspection of the embankment consisted of a searching for indications of structural distress, such as cracks, subsidence, bulging, wet areas, seeps and boils, and observing general maintenance conditions, vegetative cover, erosion, and other surficial features. Small trees were noted throughout the downstream slope of the embankment. On the downstream slope, a zone of surface erosion was noted just right of the right retaining wall, and an erosion gully was noted at the right end of the dam. A seepage area, with an estimated flow rate of 5 gpm, was noted near the toe of the right end of the dam. The source of the seepage was not apparent. A zone of saturated soil was noted downstream of the left retaining wall of the spillway. The source of the wet area was not apparent, but springs have been reported in the general area.

The crest of the embankment was surveyed and the variance in elevation was 18 inches between the high and low points. The low point on the crest is located adjacent to the right spill-way retaining wall and is 6 inches below the design dam crest elevation of 325. Freeboard at the time of inspection was approximately 16.5 feet. The dam crest profle is included as Plate C-2.

- c. Appurtenant Structures. The ogee crest spillway, retaining walls, and sluice gate vault were examined for deterioration or other signs of distress. A small amount of leakage was observed around the 48-inch sluice gate housed in the outlet structure. With the exception of the structural cracks and joint separations in the retaining walls and concrete apron which were repaired in the Spring of 1980, the appurtenant structures were noted to be in satisfactory condition.
- d. Reservoir Area. In general, gently sloping woodlands come up to the bank of the lake. No major erosion was noted along the banks of the lake and no significant amount of sedimentation was noted.

- e. Downstream Channel. The spillway discharges into a stilling basin which has riprap slope protection. The downstream side of the stilling pond is bounded by an embankment carrying Eagleshead Road over Linganore Creek. It was reported that during Tropical Storm David in 1979, a portion of the embankment was breached. A temporary embankment was constructed in its place. Two steel pipes convey water from the stilling basin beneath Eagleshead Road to Linganore Creek. Two residences and the Frederick Water Purification Plant were noted downstream along Linganore Creek within 1.8 miles of the dam. Since a dam failure could result in damage to both the residences and the water purification plant, a high hazard classification is warranted for the Lake Linganore Dam.
- 3.2 Evaluation. The visual examination of the Lake Linganore Dam indicates that the dam embankment is in fair condition. The elevation of the dam crest should be increased to conform to the design crest elevation of 325. The seepage area noted near the toe at the right end of the dam and a zone of saturated soil noted downstream of the left retaining wall should be monitored. If flow or turbidity from the seepage area increases significantly or if the zone of saturated soil enlarges, the Owner should retain a Professional Engineer experienced in dam design and construction to investigate the source of the water and recommend a method of controlling the flow. The spillway retaining walls should also be monitored for deflections. Any cracks or joint separations in the walls should be repaired as soon as they are noted.

SECTION 4 OPERATIONAL FEATURES

- 4.1 Procedure. There are no formal operating procedures for the Lake Linganore Dam. Currently, the lake is maintained at the crest elevation of the ogee spillway. To lower the lake level, as it was in the Spring of 1980 to facilitate repairs to the spillway, the manually operated sluice gate at the downstream end of the 48-inch diversion pipe must be opened.
- 4.2 Maintenance of the Dam. Maintenance of the dam appears to be on an unscheduled basis. The high grass and small trees growing on the downstream slope suggest that the embankment is not mowed on a regular basis.
- Maintenance of Operating Facilities. The maintenance of the operating facilities appears to also be done on an unscheduled basis. Structural cracks and joint separations in the upper concrete apron and retaining walls of the spillway were repaired in the Spring of 1980. The sluice gate vault appeared to be in satisfactory condition. A small amount of seepage was noted along the sluice gate.
- 4.4 <u>Warning System.</u> No formal warning system exists for the dam. Telephone communication facilities are not available near the site.
- Evaluation. The maintenance of the dam and the operating facilities are considered fair. Since cracks and joint separations have already been noted and repaired on the spillway structure, the Owner should regularly inspect the dam and repair any new cracks and joint separations before they enlarge. Since there is no upstream shutoff for the 48-inch diversion pipe, a gate should be added on the upstream side of the dam.

SECTION 5 HYDRAULICS AND HYDROLOGY

5.1 Evaluation of Features.

- ment of Water Resources by the Robert B. Balter Company, Geotechnical Engineers on April 13, 1980 suggest that the original spillway design for Lake Linganore Dam which incorporated bridge piers was rated at approximately 4500 cubic feet per second (cfs) when the reservoir was passing a design "freeboard hydrograph" having a peak discharge of approximately 32,000 cfs. During final design of the spillway, the bridge piers were eliminated and the spillway dimensions revised. A July 28, 1970 letter by the above mentioned consultant suggests that no flood routings were performed for the revised spillway design since the revised design "would not alter the hydrological or hydraulic considerations on which the original design was based".
- Experience Data. No records of maximum pool levels are maintained. During rehabilitation of the dam in the Spring of 1980, data pertaining to the time required to drain the reservoir was recorded. The records indicate that it took 22 days to lower the lake level 12 feet from elevation +308 to elevation +296. It should be noted that the sluice gate was only 3/4 open during the 22 day period.
 - A U.S. Geological Survey streamflow gaging station is maintained approximately 0.5 mile downstream from the dam. Streamflow records indicate that the June 22, 1972 peak discharge of 20,100 cfs resulting from Hurricane Agnes represents the flood of record. The maximum river stage during this event was 19.5 feet. The Owner reports that the dam was not overtopped during Hurricane Agnes, but the road abutting the stilling basin at the base of the spillway was overtopped and severely damaged. The Owner indicates that the road was again overtopped and damaged during Tropical Storm David on September 6, 1979, and during several flashflood events subsequent to Tropical Storm David. Streamflow records for the Linganore gaging station indicate a peak discharge of 5390 cfs and a maximum river stage of 12.1 feet for the September 6, 1979 storm.
- c. <u>Visual Observations</u>. Several observations made during the visual inspection of the Lake Linganore Dam are particularly relevant to the hydraulic and hydrological evaluation.

- (1) Embankment. The survey of the dam crest profile performed during the visual inspection indicates that the existing crest is slightly lower than its design elevation of 325 feet above m.s.l. with its low point at elevation 324.5 feet above m.s.l. This low point occurs adjacent to the right abutment of the ogee spillway. The data for the existing crest was employed in subsequent hydraulic analyses.
- (2) Ogee Spillway. The spillway crest appears to have been constructed in accordance with record contract drawings. During the visual inspection a medium sized tree trunk was trapped at the spillway crest. While the tree by itself would not significantly affect the spillway capacity, and most likely would become dislodged as the water rises, the spillway should be maintained free of any debris which could obstruct the spillway during peak flood events. The 16-inch low flow outlet pipe which is constructed in the spillway appeared to be functioning properly, as it was discharging freely at the times of inspection.
- (3) Appurtenant Structures. The outlet structure at the toe of the dam embankment appears to have been constructed in accordance with the record contract drawings. During the visual inspection, some leakage was observed around the 48-inch sluice gate housed in the outlet structure.
- (4) Downstream Conditions. Failure of the Lake Linganore Dam could cause serious damage to the 2.0-million gallon per day City of Frederick Water Purification Plant which is situated adjacent to Linganore Creek, approximately 1.8 miles downstream from the dam. During visual inspection of the purification facility, the plant operator reported that flood waters over topped the plant operating floor level during Hurricane Agnes. Failure of the dam could also cause flooding of two dwellings located between the dam and the purification plant. Based upon previous flood damage experience downstream from the dam, a dam failure would undoubtedly sever Eagleshead Drive, one of the few roadways connecting the north and south shores of the Primarily because of the Lake Linganore development. increased hazard of flooding downstream dwellings, and of the increased potential for serious damage of the City of Frederick Water Purification Plant, a high hazard classification is warranted for Lake Linganore Dam.
- d. Overtopping Potential. According to the criteria promulgated by the Office of the Chief of Engineers, the recommended Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for a dam classified as "intermediate" with a "high" hazard potential is 100 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF).

The Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) index as adjusted for the Lake Linganore drainage area is 20.6 inches in 24 hours. Employing criteria established by the Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, 100 percent and 50 percent PMF inflow hydrographs developed using the HEC-1 computer program have peaks of 67,800 and 33,900 cfs, respectively. It is interesting to note that the 20,100-cfs peak discharge of the June, 1972 flood of record amounted to nearly 30 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood.

PMF inflow hydrographs were routed through Lake Linganore for percentages ranging from 20 to 100 percent of the PMF with each routing starting at the normal pool level of 308 feet above m.s.l. The analyses suggest that the Lake Linganore spillway can pass approximately 48 percent of the PMF without overtopping the dam. However, for the 50 percent PMF routing, the reservoir water level would reach an elevation of 325.1 feet above m.s.l., overtopping the low point in the dam embankment by 0.6 feet. For the 100 percent PMF routing, the reservoir water level would reach an elevation of 329.7 feet above m.s.l., overtopping the embankment low point by 5.2 feet. Results for intermediate routings are found in Appendix D.

Spillway Adequacy. The analyses indicate that overtopping of the Lake Linagnore Dam embankment during the occurence of a 50 percent PMF event would have a duration of 4.0 hours. It is judged that a 0.6 foot maximum overtopping depth and 4.0hour duration could be sufficient to result in failure of the dam embankment. Dam failure analyses have been performed for several different failure configurations for a 50-percent PMF event, assuming each failure begins when the dam first starts to be overtopped. (Failure configurations are identified in Appendix D). On the basis of these analyses, routing of the resultant flood wave downstream suggests that failure of Linganore Dam would raise water levels in the vicinity of the two downstream dwellings from as little as 0.3 foot to as much as 11 feet over the water surface that existed just prior to failure, depending upon the breach depth and configuration. Similarly, such a failure would raise water levels at the City of Frederick Water Purification Plant from as little as 0.4 foot to as much as 16 feet over that existing prior to the dam failure. Since the failures of the dam could result in an increased hazard to loss of life downstream, the spillway capacity is rated as seriously inadequate in accordance with Office of the Chief of Engineers guidelines.

SECTION 6 STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability.

a. Visual Observations.

- (1) Embankment. The amount of surface erosion and small trees growing on the downstream slope of the embankment is not extensive enough to jeopardize the structural integrity of the embankment at this point. However, both the seepage area near the toe at the right end of the dam and the zone of saturated soil noted downstream of the left spillway retaining wall should be monitored. If the rate or turbidity of flow from the seepage area increases significantly, or if the zone of saturated soil enlarges, an investigation should be conducted to determine the source of the water and to determine a means of controlling the flow.
- (2) Appurtenant Structures. The structural cracks and joint separations on the spillway retaining walls and apron were apparently the results of either the undermining of bearing material below the apron, or by earth pressure exerted on the retaining walls. Repairs were made to the spillway retaining walls and apron in the Spring of 1980, and at the time of the inspection, no further problems were noted. The 48-inch diversion pipe through the embankment could not be inspected, but the sluice gate vault was in satisfactory condtion. A small amount of leakage was noted along the sluice gate.

b. Design and Construction Data.

- (1) Embankment. The available information consists of the construction drawings and slope stability and seepage analyses.
- (2) Appurtenant Structures. Information such as the calculated earth pressures exerted against the retaining walls of the spillway is not available to assess the structural adequacy of the appurtenant structures.
- c. Operating Records. The structural stability of the dam is not considered to be affected by the operational features of the dam.
- d. Post-Construction Changes. Repairs were made to the undermined apron and to cracks and joint separations in the spillway in the Spring of 1980. Additional riprap slope protection was placed along the bank downstream of the left retaining wall of the spillway.

e. Seismic Stability. The dam is located in Seismic Zone 1.

Based on our visual observations, the static stability of the dam appears to be adequate. Consequently, the structure should present no hazard from earthquakes.

SECTION 7 ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS/REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment.

- Assessment. The Lake Linganore Dam is an intermediate storage, high hazard impoundment. If the dam failed, the City of Frederick Water Purification Plant and two residences located downstream along Linganore Creek within 1.8 miles of the dam could sustain damage. The hydrologic and hydraulic analyses of the dam indicate that the spillway is seriously inadequate, resulting in an unsafe, non-emergency classification for the dam. The dam would be overtopped during a flood equalling 50% of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF), but would not be overtopped by a flood equaling 48% of the PMF. The dam embankment is rated only fair because of the presence of limited surface erosion and an erosion gully, the presence of a seepage area at the right end of the dam and a wet area downstream of the left spillway retaining wall, and the low point on the crest which is 6 inches below the dam crest design elevation.
- b. Adequacy of Information. Available information, in conjunction with visual observations, is considered to be sufficient to make the following recommendations.
- c. <u>Urgency</u>. The remedial measures recommended below should be accomplished immediately.
- d. Need for Additional Data. The Owner should retain the services of a Professional Engineer experienced in dam design and construction to perform detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analysis to further assess spillway adequacy and develop remedial measures to provide adequate spillway capacity.

7.2 Recommendation/Remedial Measures.

The following remedial measures are recommended to be accomplished by the Owner immediately:

- a. Retain a Professional Engineer experienced in dam design and construction to perform detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analysis to further assess spillway adequacy and develop remedial measures to provide adequate spillway capacity.
- b. Build up the dam crest as required to restore the original dam design crest elevation of +325.
- c. Remove all woody vegetation from the downstream slope of the embankment.

- d. Repair the surface erosion and erosion gully noted on the downstream slope.
- e. Regularly inspect and monitor the spillway retaining walls, the seepage area noted near the toe of the embankment at the right end of the dam, and the wet area noted downstream of the left retaining wall of the spillway. If movement of the retaining walls is detected, remedial measures should be taken to repair the walls. If the rate or turbidity of the flow from the seepage area increases significantly, or if the wet area enlarges significantly, the Owner should retain the services of a Professional Engineer experienced in dam design and construction to investigate the source of the water and to recommend a means of controlling the flow.
- f. Add a gate to the upstream end of the 48-inch diversion pipe to allow for cutting off flow under the dam should repairs to the pipe become necessary in the future.
- g. Develop a formal program of maintenance and inspection for the dam and appurtenant structures.
- h. Develop a formal warning system to alert the downstream residents and the City of Frederick in the event of emergencies.

APPENDIX A VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST PHASE I

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST PHASE I

M.S.L. Hazard Category: High Name of Dam: Lake Linganore County (or City): Frederick County State: Maryland M.S.L. Tailwater at Time of Insp. Temperature: Date(s) Inspection: 6/24/80 and 7/15/80 Weather: Partly Cloudy Type of Dam: Earth Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection: 308 NDI ID. No.: MD-2/

Inspection Personnel:

J. D. Mauman G. Stanford

Review Inspection Personnel:

E J Zeigler J. G. Mintiens

J. D. Mauman

J. D. Navman Recorder

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I EMBANKWENT

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS	None	
UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE	None	
SLOUGHING OR EROSION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT SLOPES	Shallow erosion gullies on downstream slope. Small area of surface erosion noted right of the right spillway retaining wall.	Small trees growing on downstram slope should be removed.
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF THE CREST	Horizontal alignment satisfactory Vertical alignment of crest varies by 18"	
RIPRAP FAILURES	None at present; additional riprap was placed along bank of stilling pond in the Spring of 1980.	

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I EMBANKWENT

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT, SPILLWAY AND DAM	Joint Seperation on right Spillway retaining wall has been repaired with epbay. Appending cause is earth pressure exerted on wall. Cracks through concrete apronand left retaining wall have been fixed.	Repairs to spillmay retaining wall and exprense were made in the spring of 1980. The owner Eliquid monitor the retaining walls.
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	Seepage area noted near toc of right end of dam. Estimated flow 5 gpm. Wet area noted dewastream of left spillway retaining wall. No flow noted	Both the seepage area and the wet area should be monitored. If the rate or turbidity of the flow from seepage orbaringer increases, the seepage should be controlled.
STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER	None at dan site, U.S.G.S. Streamflow gaging station located O.S mile downstream from dam	
DRAINS	Toe drains	
•		

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I OUTLET WORKS

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT	Моле	
INTAKE STRUCTURE	48-inch & prestressed concrete pipe riser with trash rack (submerged during inspection)	A qute should be added to upstream end of pipe to provide upstream closure.
OUTLET STRUCTURE	Sluice gate vault with manually operated gate	
OUTLET CHANNEL	Discharges into stilling pond, riprap on banks, west bank is earth embankment carrying Eagleshead Road over Linganbre Creek	Two Armco steel pipes, 12:10" by 8.4" carry water under Eagleshead Road.
EMERGENCY GATE	A small amount of leaking was noted around the bluice gate	Sluice gate operation was not observed during the inspection.

VISUAL INSPECTION
PHASE I
UNGATED SPILLMAY (PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY)

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE WEIR	Ogee spillway	
APPROACH CHANNEL	One large tree is located on crest of Ogee spillway	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Boulders cast in concrete slab act as batsles	Previous problems with loss of bearing beneath abron remedied with injection of concrete
BRIDGE AND PIERS	N/A	
Retaining Walls and Concrete Slabs	Rightwall separated 4 inches (1) at expansion joint. Left wall cracked at two locations. Concrete aprons act as stilling pools.	Repairs have been satissactorily performed.

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I GATED SPILLWAY

VISUAL EXAMINATION	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE SILL	N/A	
APPROACH CHANNEL	N/A	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	N/A	
BRIDGE PIERS	N/A	
GATES AND OPERATION EQUIPMENT	N/A	

VISUAL INSPECTION '
PHASE I
INSTRUMENTATION

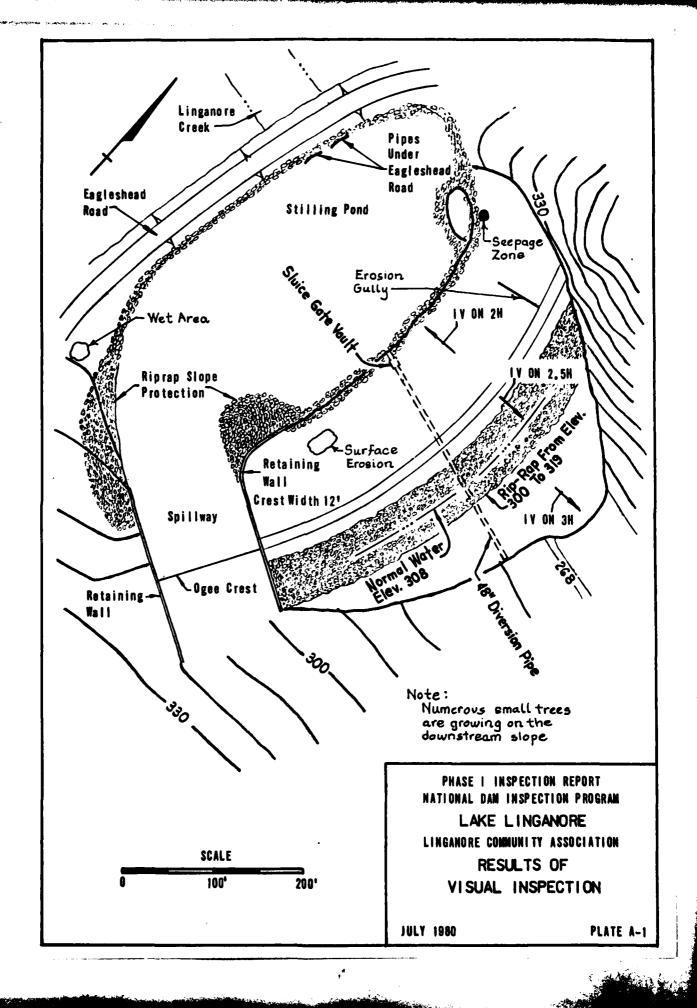
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS	None	
OBSERVATION WELLS	None	
WEIRS	None	
Piezometers	None observed. Three piezometers were installed across dem section form menitoring during dam construction.	
OTHER		

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I RESERVOIR

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SLOPES	Upstream Embankiicnt, Vegetated 2,5 Horizontal to / Vertical at and above riprap slope protection 3 Horizontal to / Vertical below riprap	
SEDIMENTATION	Nothing critical	
UPSTREAM RESERVOIRS	No reservoirs noted upstream of Lake Linganore	
WATERSHED DESCRIPTION	Watershed area is generally undeveloped. Few residences and recreational areas along shore of lare,	

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR BECOMMENDAME
CONDITIONS (OBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.)	Crossing a downstreal during heav	Road was washed out during Tropical Storm David in 1979, Temporary embankment constructed
SLOPES	Riprap slope protection upstream from Eagleshead Road Below Eagleshead Road, slood plain narrow, with boulders and bedrock outstons	1
APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF HOMES AND POPULATION	Two residences and Frederick Water Purfication Plant located along Linguiste Creek withing 1.7± miles downstream of dam.	The residences and water purification plant could be flooded if the dam failed.
	·	



APPENDIX B

ENGINEERING DATA CHECKLIST

PHASE I

APPENDIX B

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CHECKLIST
ENGINEERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION
PHASE I

NAME OF DAM Lake Lingonore ID# NOI IO. No. Md-21

THEM AS-BUILT DRAWINGS Contract drawings tiffed "Linganae Creek Dam" by Robert B. Balter, Soil and Foundation Consultants, Inc. dated November 10, 1970, Sheets 1 of 12 thru 12 of 12 and Sheets RI, RZ, and SC. RECIONAL VICINITY MAP A regional Vicinity map is included as Plate E-1. Repairs made to concrete cracks in Spring of 1980 Repairs made to concrete cracks in Spring of 1980 A typical section of the embankment is shown on the Contract drawings and is included as Plate E-2 Contract drawings and is included as Plate E-2 - construction - con
--

CHECKLIST ENGINEERING DATA DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION PHASE I

ITEM	REMARKS
RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS	None of dam site. U.S.G.S. Streamflow goging station located O.S miles downstream Srow dam. Period of record: November, 1931 to March, 1932; September, 1934 to present
DESIGN REPORTS	Not available
Geology Reports	Not available
DESIGN COMPUTATIONS HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS DAM STABILITY SEEPAGE STUDIES	Design computations for hydrology and hydraulics not available. For dam stability and seepage study, analyses, see July 28 and August 14, 1970 letters Maryland Department of Water Resources
MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORING RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD	Not avoilable

Page B2 of 4

CHECKLIST
ENGINEERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION
PHASE I

TTEM	
	KEMAKKS
POST CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	Survey in conjunction with remedial work performed in Spring of 1730
BORROW SOURCES	Unknown
MONITORING SYSTEMS	Three piezometers installed across dom section. Refer to August 14, 1970 letter to Maryland Department of Water Resources.
MODIFICATIONS	Repairs to cracked concrete made in Spring of 1980
HIGH POOL RECORDS	None

CHECKLIST
ENGINEERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION
PHASE I

ITEM	REMARKS
POST CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS	"Lingonore Creek Dam, Frederick County, Maryland by the Robert B. Balter Company, Geotechnical Engineers, dated 6/15/78. Supplementary inspection made by Harris, Smariga & Associates, Inc., of Frederick, Md. in 1980.
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM DESCRIPTION REPORTS	None
MAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORDS	None
SPILLWAY PLAN SECTIONS DETAILS	Shown on Contract drawings.
OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS AND DETAILS	Shown on Contract drawings.

APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHS



A. Crest of Dam



B. Lake Linganore immediately upstream of dam



C. Downstream face of dam, sluice gate vault, and riprap slope protection



D. Small trees growing on downstream slope of dam



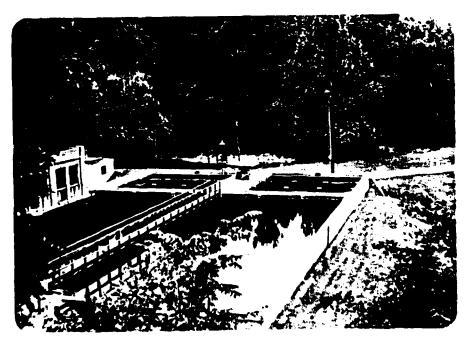
E. Two steel pipes which convey water beneath Eagleshead Road from stilling basin to Linganore Creek



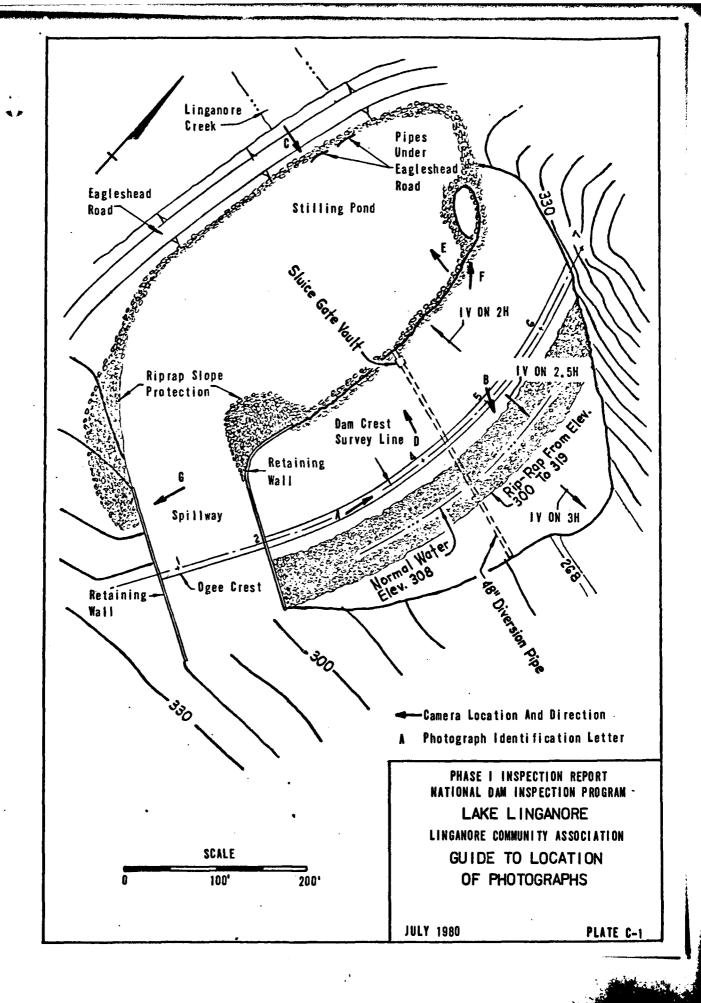
F. Geepage noted where man stands near toe at right end of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{dam}}$

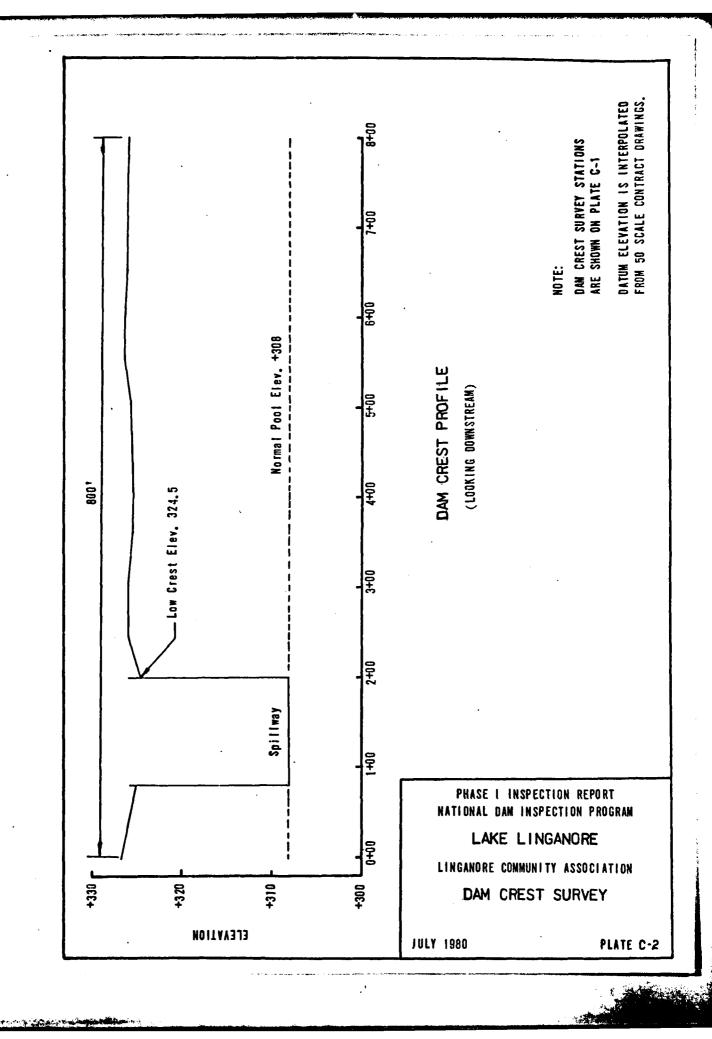


G. Two cracks in the left retaining wall of the spillway have been repaired



H. Frederick Filtration Plant along Linganore Creek





APPENDIX D HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

MAXIMUM FLOOD, UNIT HYDROGRAPH AND INFLOW HYDROGRAPHS

Name of Dam: Lake Linganore NDI-ID MD-21

Unit Hydrograph Parameters

Watershed Drainage Area	82 sq. miles
Main Channel Length L	18.4 miles
	10.5 miles
Main Channel to Centroid Length, Lca Lag Time tp = Ct (L x Lca)	12.12 hours
Basin Zone Location from Unit Hydrograph	
Coefficient Map	33
Basin Coefficients	
	1.25
Cp 1 Ct	2.5

Inflow Hydrograph Parameters

Base Flow at Start of Storm	1.5 c.f.s./sq. mile
Initial Rainfall Loss	l inch
Uniform Rainfall Loss	0.05 inches/hour
Ratio of Peak Discharge Used to Compute	
Base Flow wich Deviates from Hydrograph	
Falling Limb	0.05
Ratio of Recession Flow occuring 10	
Tabulation Intervals Later	2.0

Rainfall Data²

Probable Maximum Precipitation Index for 24 hours and 200 square miles Percentage Adjustments of PMP for	24 inches
Drainage Area	
6 hour storm	92%
12 hour storm	100%
24 hour storm	110%

Basin Coefficients and Hydrograph Data established by Corps of
Engineers Baltimore District
Hydrometeorological Report 33 by Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District

Tabulation of Reservoir Area and Storage Vs. Elevation

Name of Dam: Lake Linganore NDI-ID MD-21

Pool Elevation feet above m.s.l.	Surface ¹ Area acres	Reservoir 1 Storage acre-feet
265 (Reservoir Bottom)	0	o
270	2	10
280	15	100
290 .	55	450
300	130	1250
310	240	3100
320	355	6100
322.9 ² (Maximum Pool)	388	7300
324.5 (Top of Dam)	407	7900

Balter, Soil and Foundation Consultants, Inc.

Computed by Rummel, Klepper and Kahl Using Adjusted Plainimetered Areas
From 1000-scale USGS Mapping
Based upon March 31, 1970 "Freeboard Hydrograph Routing" by Robert B.

BASE DATA FOR OUTFLOW STRUCTURE RATING CURVE FOR COMPUTER ANALYSIS

Name of Dam: Lake Linganore NDI-ID MD-21

Ogee Spillway:

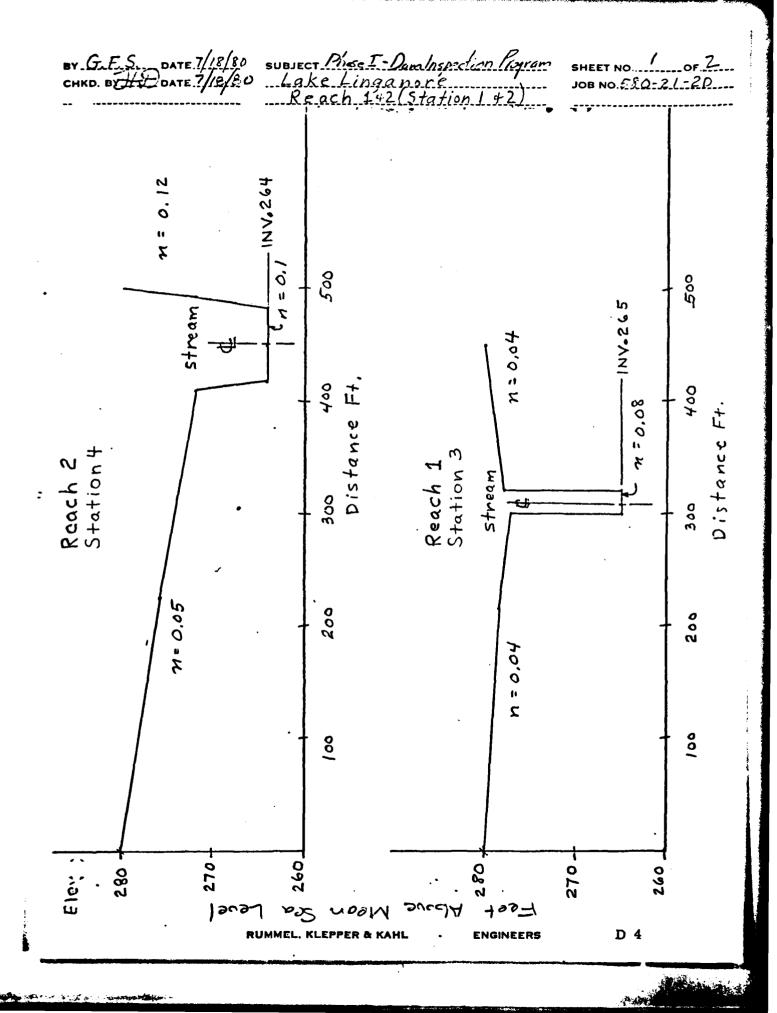
Crest Elevation	308 feet above m.s.1.
Spillway Width	122 feet
Discharge Coefficient ¹	3.8
Flow Equation Exponent	1.5

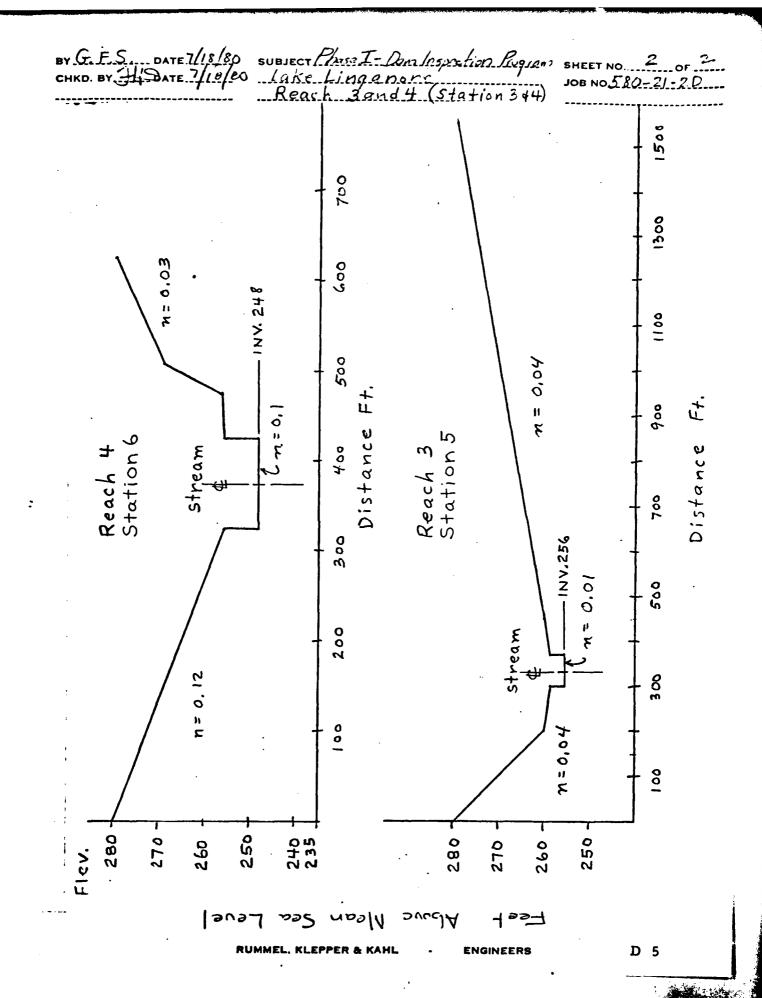
Low Level Outlet:

293.67 feet above m.s.l.
0.79 sq. feet 0.594 ¹
0.5941
0.5

Source: Design of Small Dam, U.S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Reclamation, 1960.

² Source: Handbook of Hydraulics, King of Brater, 1963.



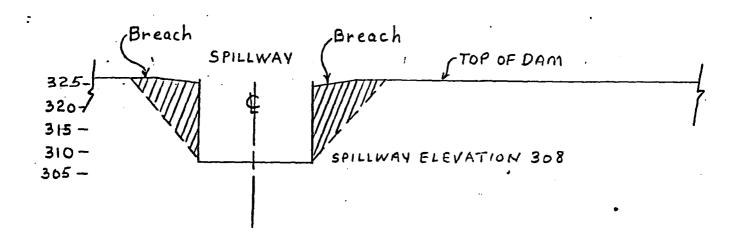


BY GF 5 DATE 7/17/8,	SUBJECT PASE I - Danlospictais Pagari Lake Lingenore Breach No.1 (Plan 1)	SHEET NO. / OF 3
CHKD. BY DATE 7/12/80	Lake Lingenore	JOB NO 580-21-20
/ /	Breach No.1 (Plan 1)	100 110.00.

BREACH DATA

Shape of Breach Bottom Width of Breach	V-Shape Ofeet
Maximum Depth of Breach Side Slope of Breach	16.5 feet
Water Level at Beginning of	1 to 1
Breach	325
Time to Maximum Size	Ihoun

BREACH DIAGRAM



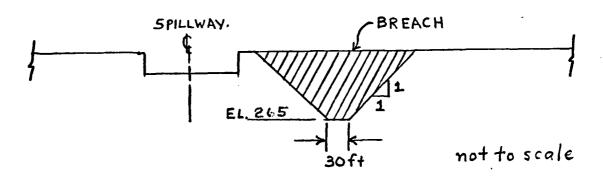
BY GFS	DATE 7/18/83	SUBJECT Phase I - Dom Inspection to Lake Linguisore	2 1007 SHEET NO. 2 OF
CHKD BY	DATE 7/15/80	Lake Linguisore	JOB NO. (80-21-21)
O		Breach No. 2 (Plan 2)	

BREACH DATA

Shape of Breach
Bottom Width of Breach
Maximum Depth of Breach
Side Slope of Breach
Water Level at Beginning of Breach
Time to Maximum Size

Thour

BREACH DIAGRAM



CHKD. BY DATE 7/18/30 SUBJECT Press I - Down Inconstruction Program SHEET NO. 3 OF 3 CHKD. BY DATE 7/18/80 Lake Linganons JOB NO 583-21-29

By G.F.S. DATE 7/18/30 SUBJECT Press I - Down Inconstruction Program SHEET NO. 3 OF 3

CHKD. BY D. DATE 7/18/30 SUBJECT Press I - Down Inconstruction Program SHEET NO. 3 OF 3

CHKD. BY D. DATE 7/18/30 SUBJECT Press I - Down Inconstruction Program SHEET NO. 3 OF 3

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CHKD. BY D. DATE 7/18/40 SUBJECT PRESS I - DOWN INCONSTRUCTION SHEET N

BREACH DATA

Shape of Breach

Bottom Width of Breach

Maximum Depth of Breach

Side Slope of Breach

Water Level at Beginning of Breach

Time to Maximum Size

Time to Maximum Size

Trapezoid

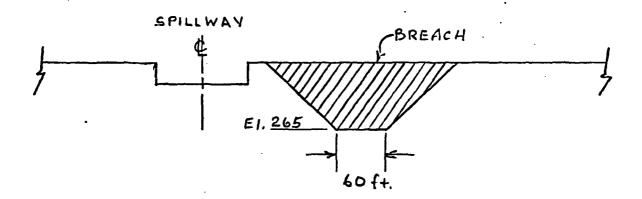
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59.5 feet

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BREACH DIAGRAM



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****	ij	JULY 1978	FEB	****
****	ACKAG		ŏ	****
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SNYDER UNIT HYDROGRAPH, FLOOD ROUTING AND OVERTOPPING ANALYSES FOR 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 50%, 70%, 80%, 90% AND 100% PMF AT LAKE LINGANDRE DAM. ND1-1. D. MD21 COPM. ND. 580-21-2D

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MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED NPLAN# 1 NRTIG# 9 LRTIG# 1 RTIGS# 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

.. 8

	DAUTO	0	
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	INAME		
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LAKE LIP	JPLT	0	•
RAPH TO	ITAPE	0	
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SNYDER UNI	COMP	0	
CALCULATION OF SNYDER UNIT HYDROGRAPH TO LAKE LINGANDRE	ISTAG		

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TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS 0.862

LOSS DATA

LOSS DATA

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UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

TP= 12.12 CP=1.25 NTA= 0

RTIMP 0.00

ALSMX 0.00

> RECESSION DATA STRIG= -1.50 GRCSN= -0.05 RTIDR= 2.00

3175. UNIT HYDROGRAPH 23 END-OF-PERIDD ORDINATES, LAG= 12,08 HOURS, CP= 0.77 VOL= 1.00 998. 1481. 1823. 2112. 2344. 2591. 2799. 2993. 3459. 3409. 3243. 3066. 2877. 2674. 2455. 2214. 1219. 580. 353. 3347. 1625.

F058 EXCS RAIN END-OF-PERIOD FLOW COMP Q MO. DA HR. MN PERIOD O MO. DA MR. MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS SUM 22.76 20.89 1.87 1147534. (578.)(531.)(47.)(32494.52)

D-10

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS FLOW IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)

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SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

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	MAXIMUM STURACE AC-FT 5281. 6173. 7174. 8129. 8829. 9244. 9596.	PLAN 1	MAXIMUM FLOW. CFS 13101. 19735. 26173. 226173. 32848. 40221. 47221. 47221. 60604.	PLAN 1	MAXIHUM FLG4, CFS 13102 13102 26193 32853 40218 470218 60610 67477	PLAN 1	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 13117. 19723. 26218.
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32845. 40244. 47120. 53910. 60612. 67375.	MAXIMUM FLOM, CFS 19121. 19121. 19247. 26237. 32876. 40213. 60715.
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PLOOD HYDROGAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
DAM SAFETY VERSION
ULY 1978
LAST HODIFICATION OF FEB BO

SNYDER UNIT HYDRDGRAPH, FLOOD ROUTING AND DAM BREAK ANALYSES FOR LAKE LINGANORE DAM: ND1-1. D. MD21 COMM. NO. 380-21-2D ******************

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MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED NPLAN= 3 NRTIO= 1 LRTIO= 1 .

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SUB-AREA RUNDFF COMPUTATION

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R96 0.00 R72 0.00 R48 0.00 PRECIP DATA R12 R24 100.00 110.00 92. 00 SPFE PHS 0.00 24.00 TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS 0.862

LROP1 0

ALSMX O. 00 CNSTL 0.05 STRTL 1.00 NTA= 0 ERAIN STRKS RTIOK 0.00 0.00 1.00 UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA 1.00 DL.TKR 0.00 STRKR 0.00

RT 1MP 0.00

RTIOR= 2.00 RECESSION DATA GRCSN= -0.05 STRTG= -1.50

3175 UNIT HYDROGRAPH 23 END-DF-PERIOD GRDINATES, LAG= 12.08 HOURS, CP= 0.77 VOL= 1.00 998. 1481. 1825. 2112. 2364. 2591. 2799. 2993. 3459. 3409. 3243. 3066. 2877. 2674. 2455. 2214. 1219. 580. 333. 3347. 1625.

SUM 22,76 20.89 1.87 1147534. (578.)(531.)(47.)(32494.52) COMP END-OF-PERIOD FLOW
COMP 0 MG. DA HR. MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS HR. MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS **₽** •

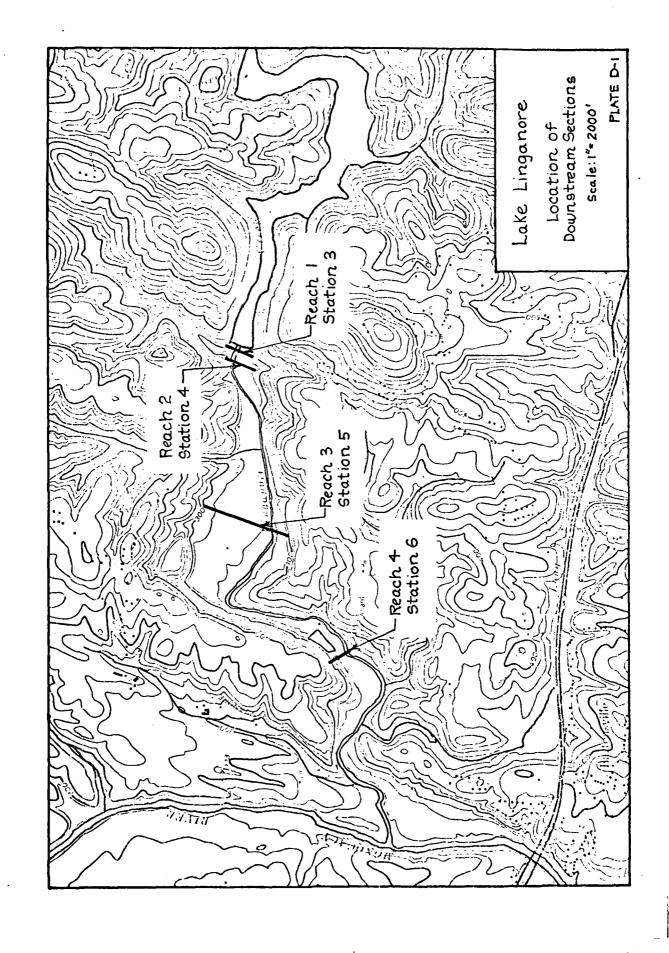
PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND) AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

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SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

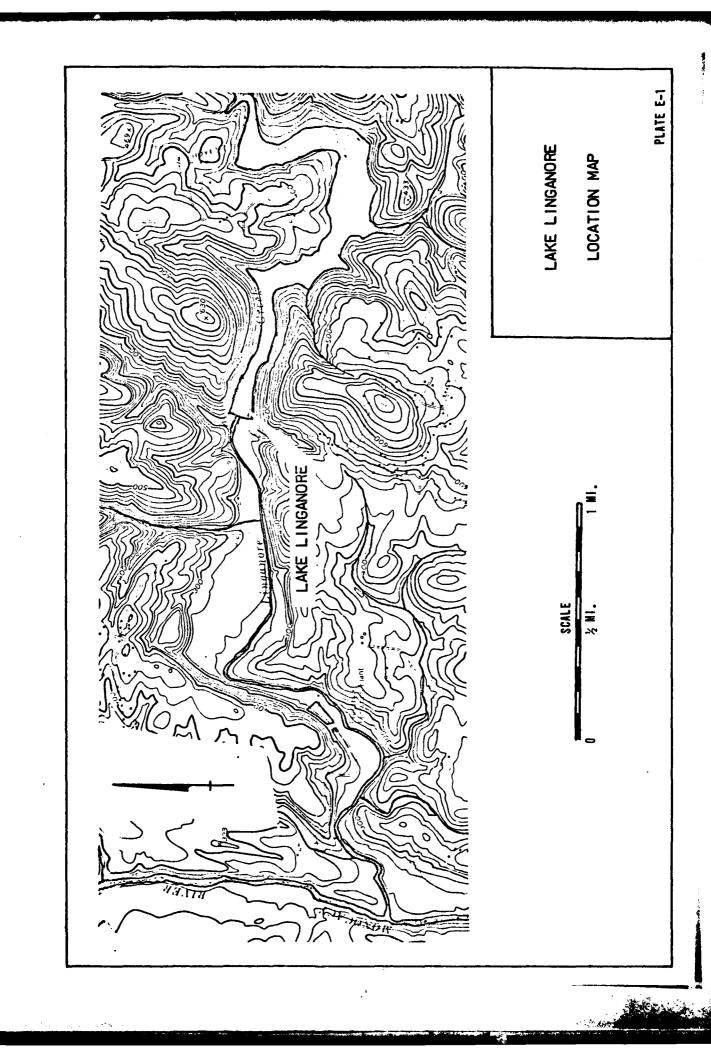
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T TOP DF DAM 324.50 7880. 31093.	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS 29.00	it TOP DF DAM 324.50 7880. 31093.	TIME OF MAX DUTFLOW HOURS 29. 00	31 TOP OF DAM 324.50 7880. 31093.	TIME DF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS 29.00						
	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS 3.70		DURATION OVER TOP HOURS 2. 52		DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	ო	TIME HDURS 29.00	ო	TIME HOURS 29. 00	ო	TIME HOURS 29.00
SPILLWAY CREST 308.00 2730. 14.	MAXIMUN OUTFLOW CFS 35173.	SPILLWAY CREST 308.00 2730. 14.	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS 110469.	SPILLWAY CREST 308.00 2730.	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS 132193.	STATION	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT 286. 9	STATION	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT 295. 1	STATION	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT 297. 0
	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT 8136.		MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT 8132.		MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT B132.	PLAN 1	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 35136.	PLAN 2	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 109553.	PLAN 3	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 131062.
INITIAL VALUE 308.00 2730. 14.	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM 0.61	INITIAL VALUE 308.00 2730. 14.	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM O. 60	INITIAL VALUE 308.00 2730 14.	MAXIMUM DEPTH GVER DAM 0, 60	ä	RATIO 0. 50	RATIO OS .	RATIO 0. 50	4	RATID 0.50
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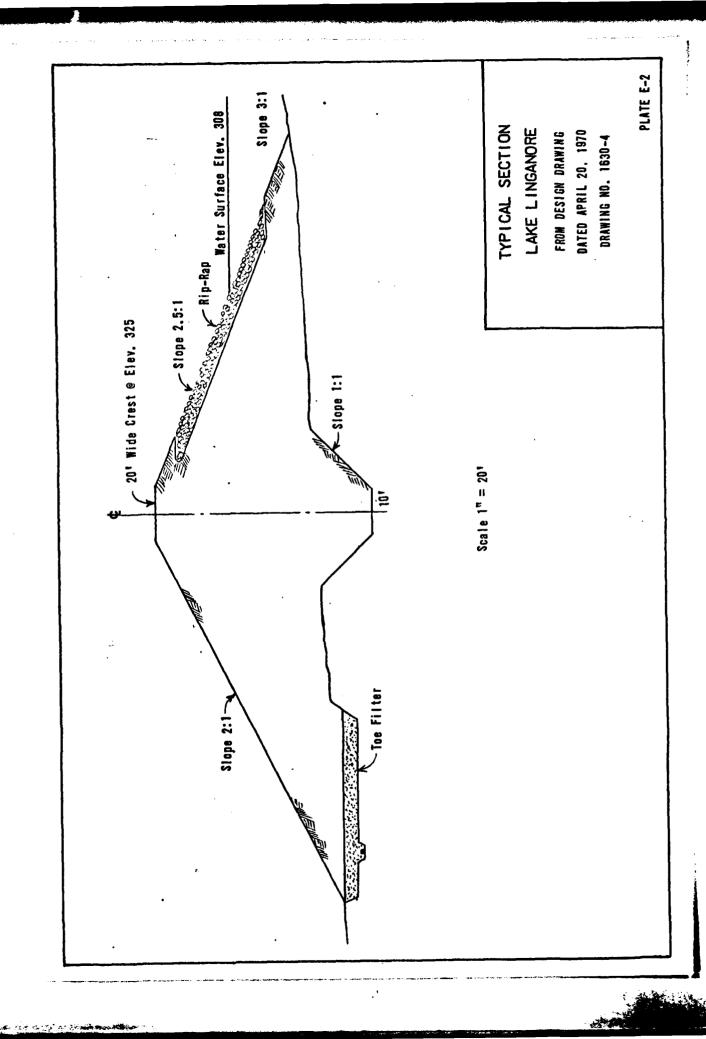
TIME HOURS 29.00		TIME HOURS 29. 00	_	TIME HOURS 29.00	ın.	TIME HDURS 29. 00	ın	TIME HOURS 29. 00	ıñ.	TIME HDURS 29.00	9	TIME HOURS 30, 00	9	TIME HOURS 30.00	4	TIME HDURS 30. 00
MAXIMUM STAGE, FT 283. 4	STATION 4	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT 292. 0	STATION . 4	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT 293. 9	STATION	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT 269. 3	STATION	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT 275. 1	STATION	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT 276. 3	STATION	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT 276. 5	STATION	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT 289. 2	STATION	HAXIMUM STACE, FT 291. B
MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 35106.	PLAN 2 S	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 108897.	PLAN 3 S	MAXIMUM FLDW, CFS 130255.	PLAN 1	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 34726.	PLAN 2	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 96194	PLAN 3	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 114372.	PLAN 1	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 34374.	PLAN 2	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 86779.	PLAN 3	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS 97883
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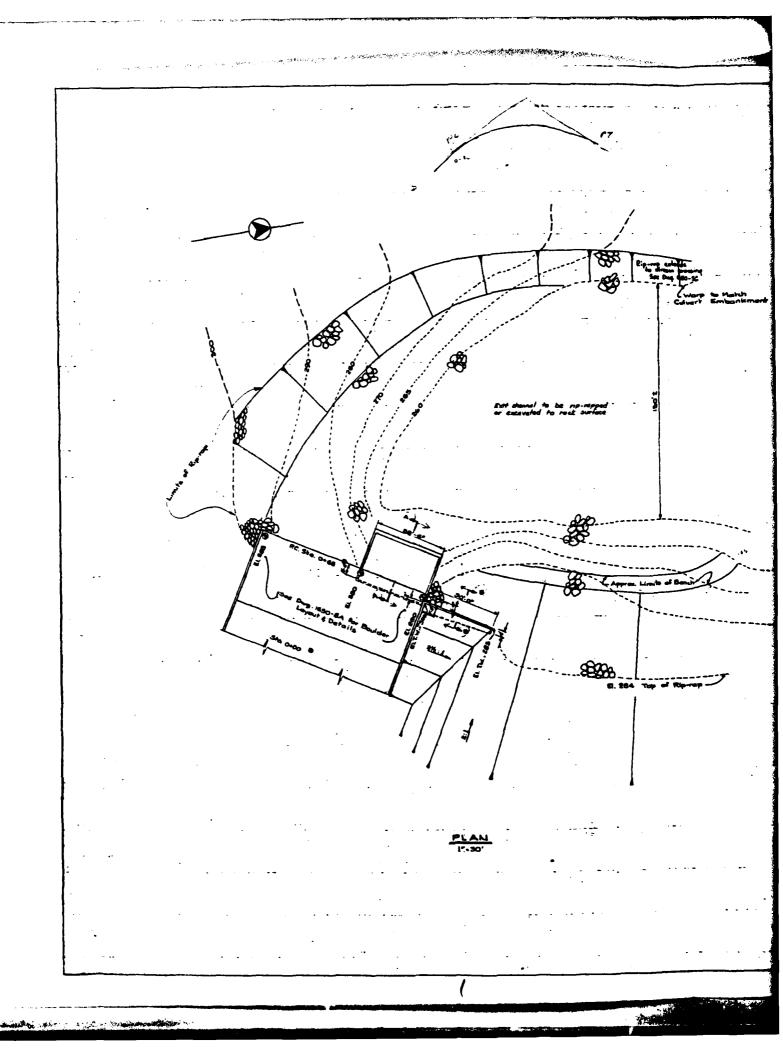


APPENDIX E

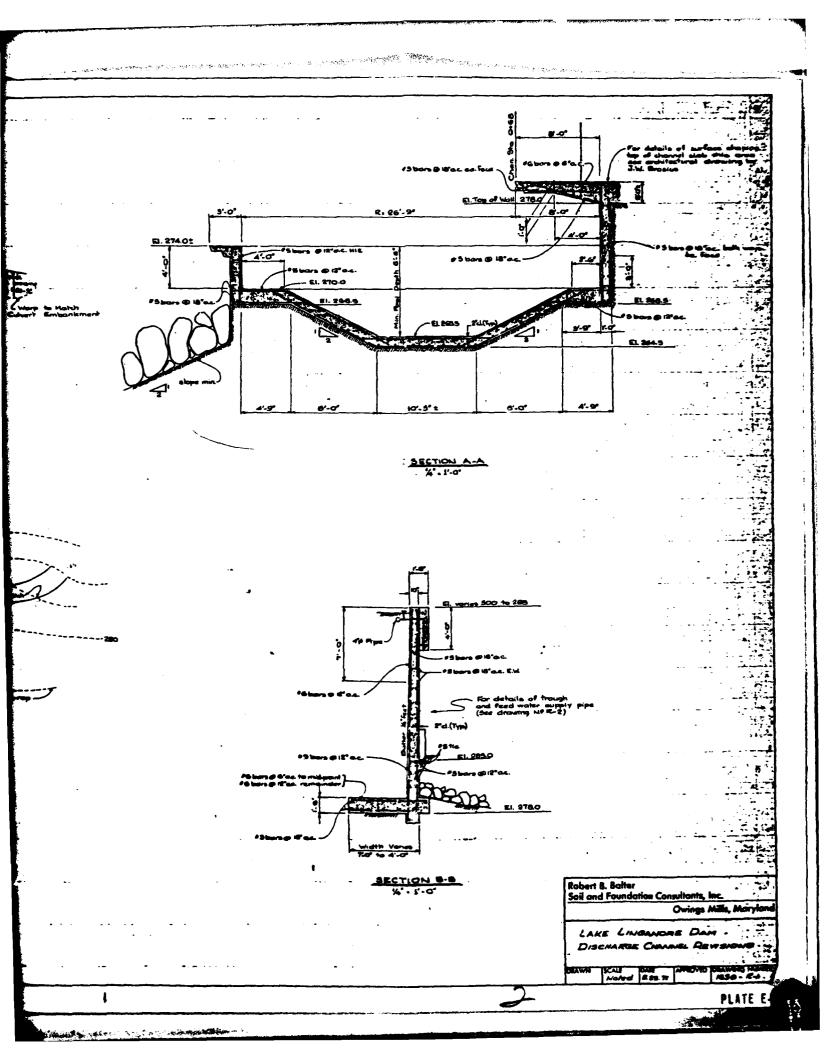
PLATES

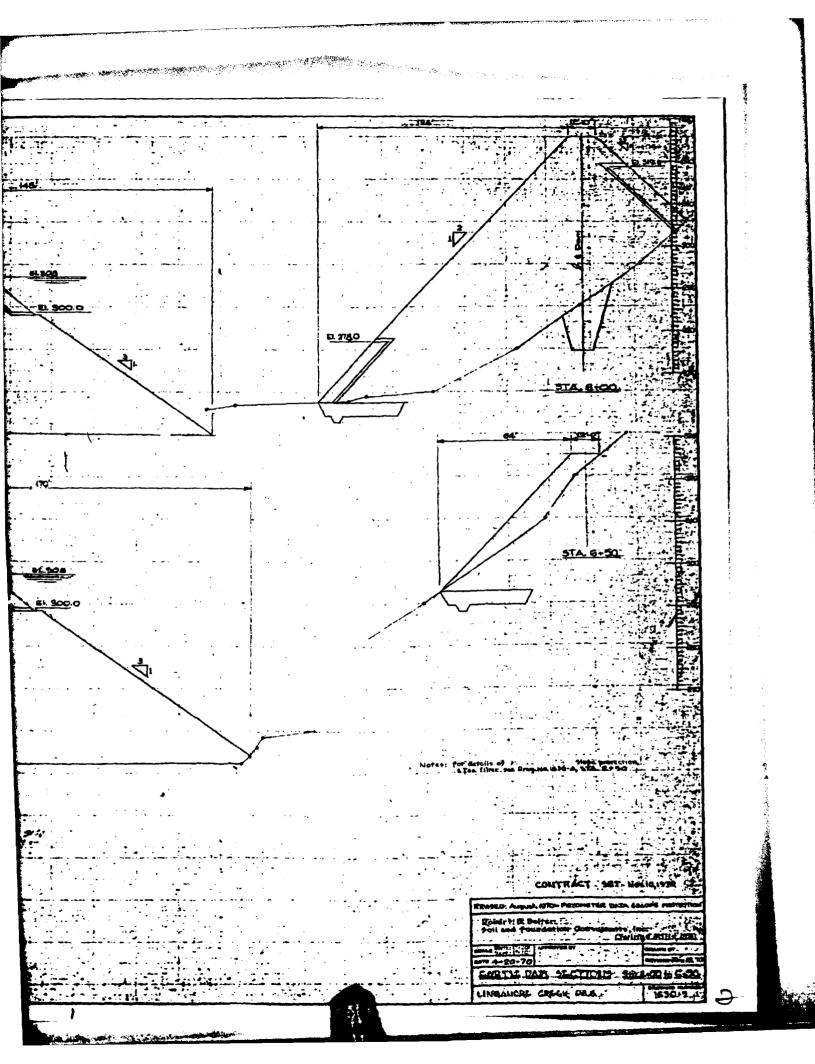


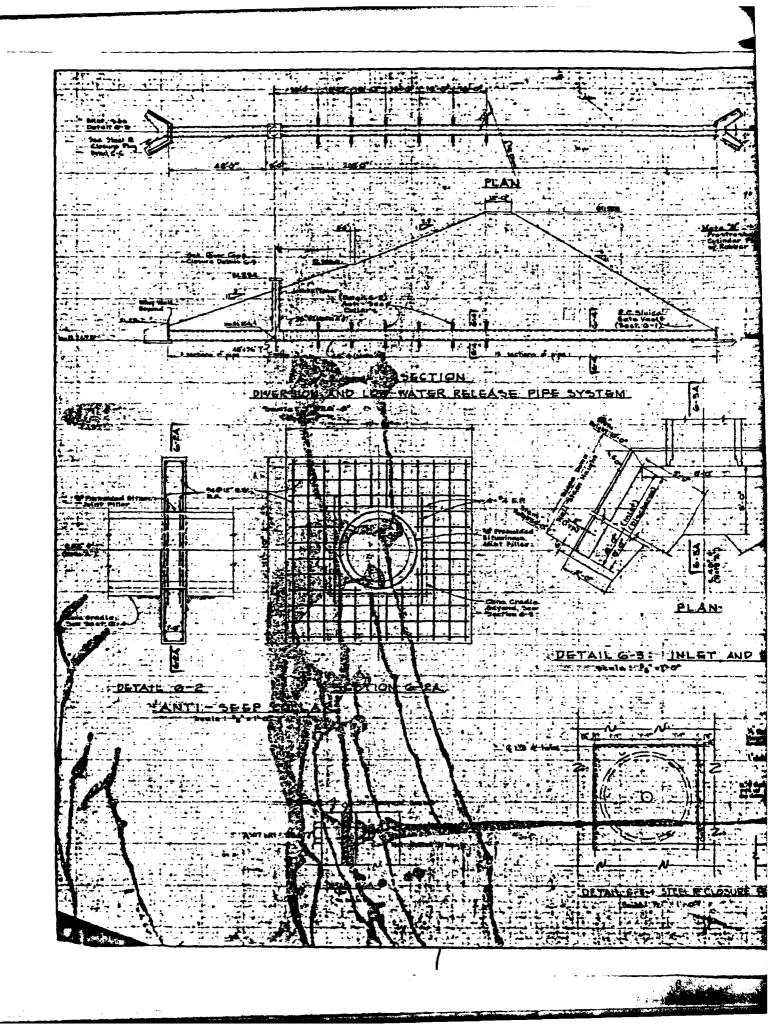


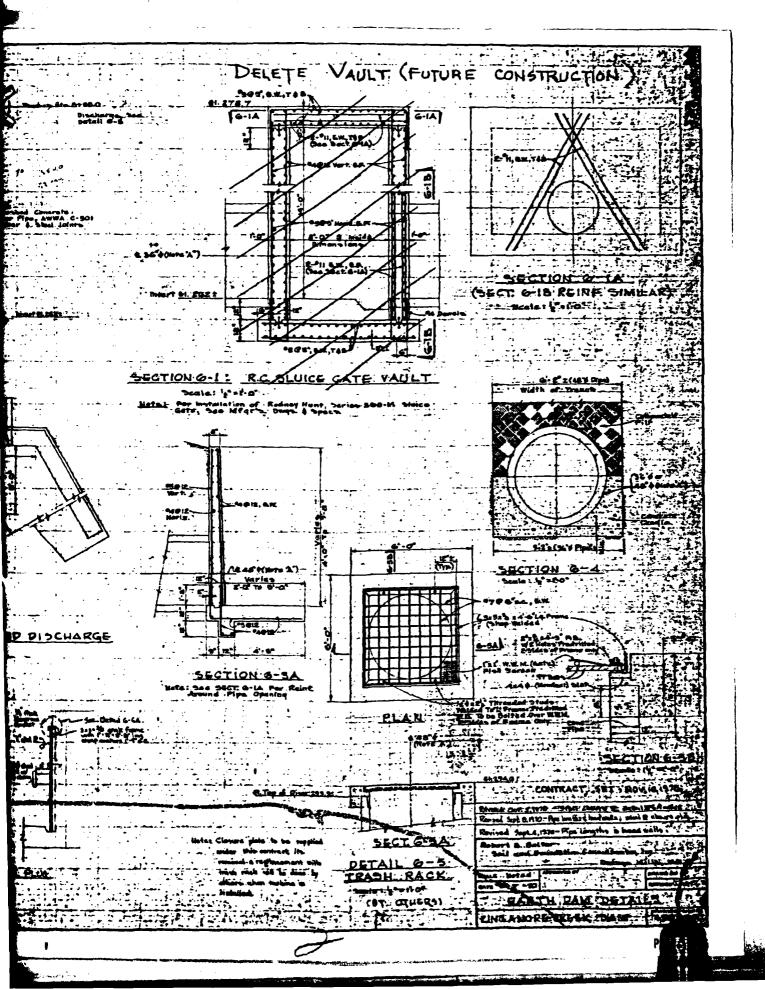


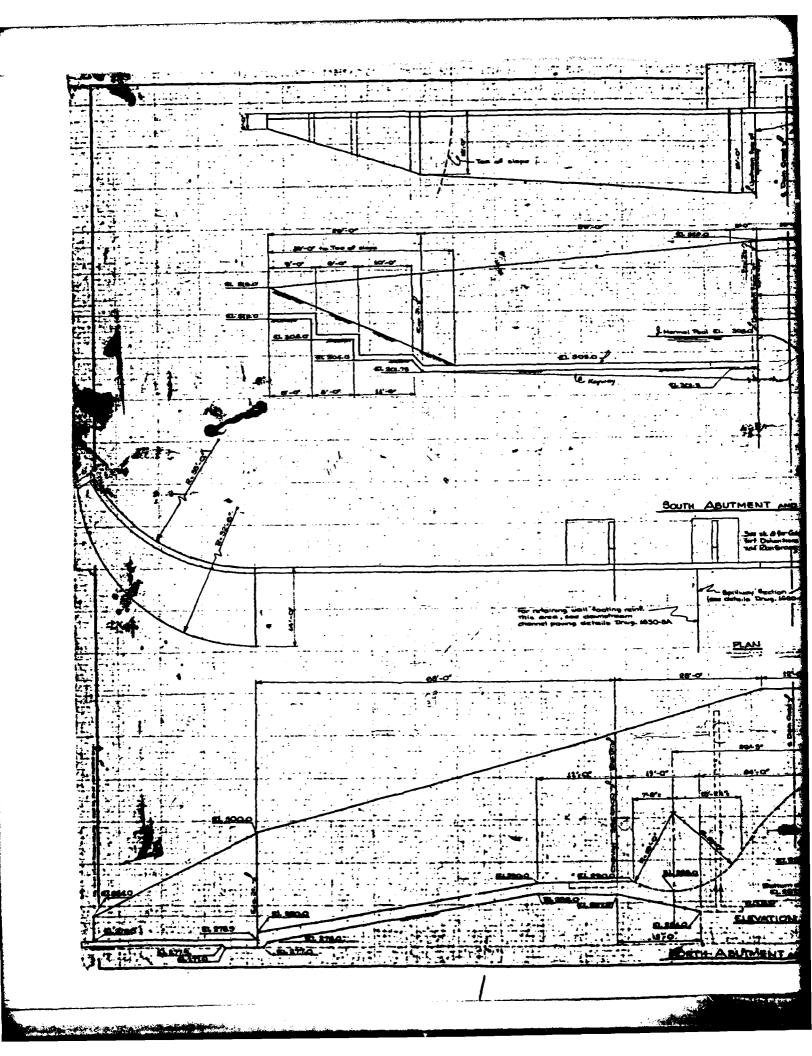
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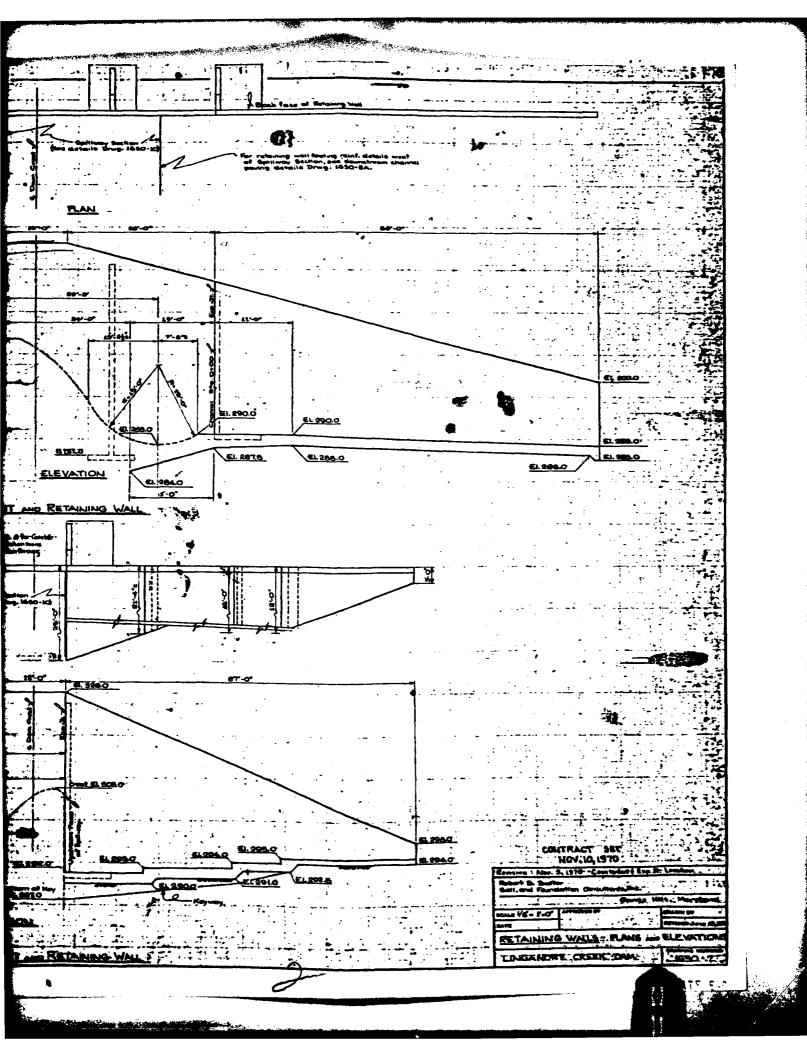


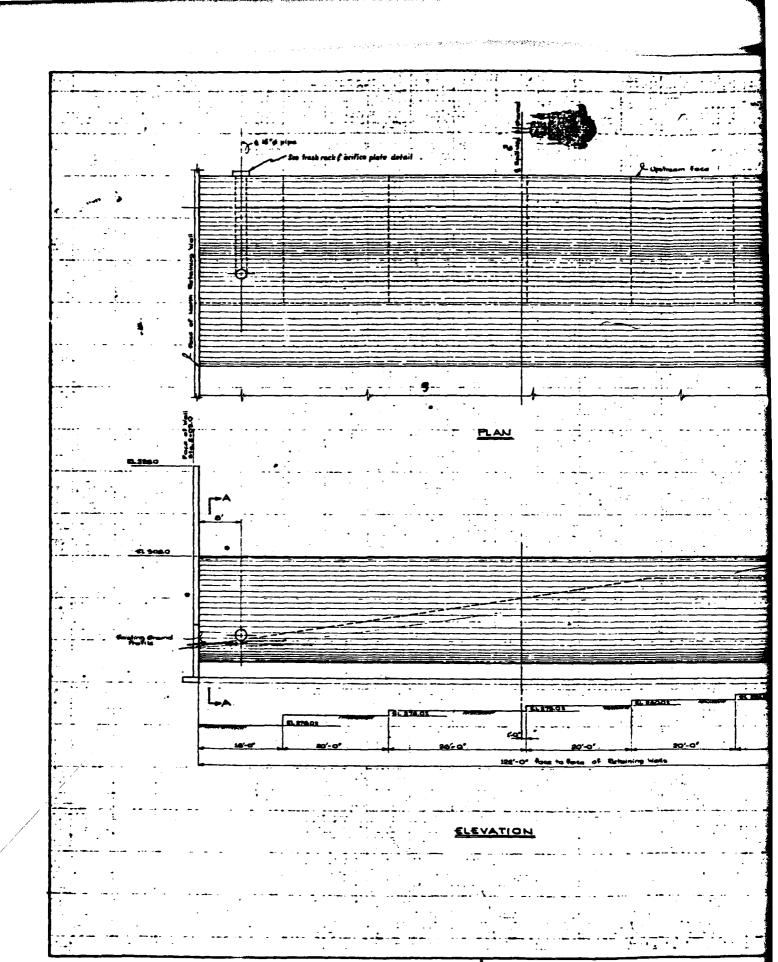




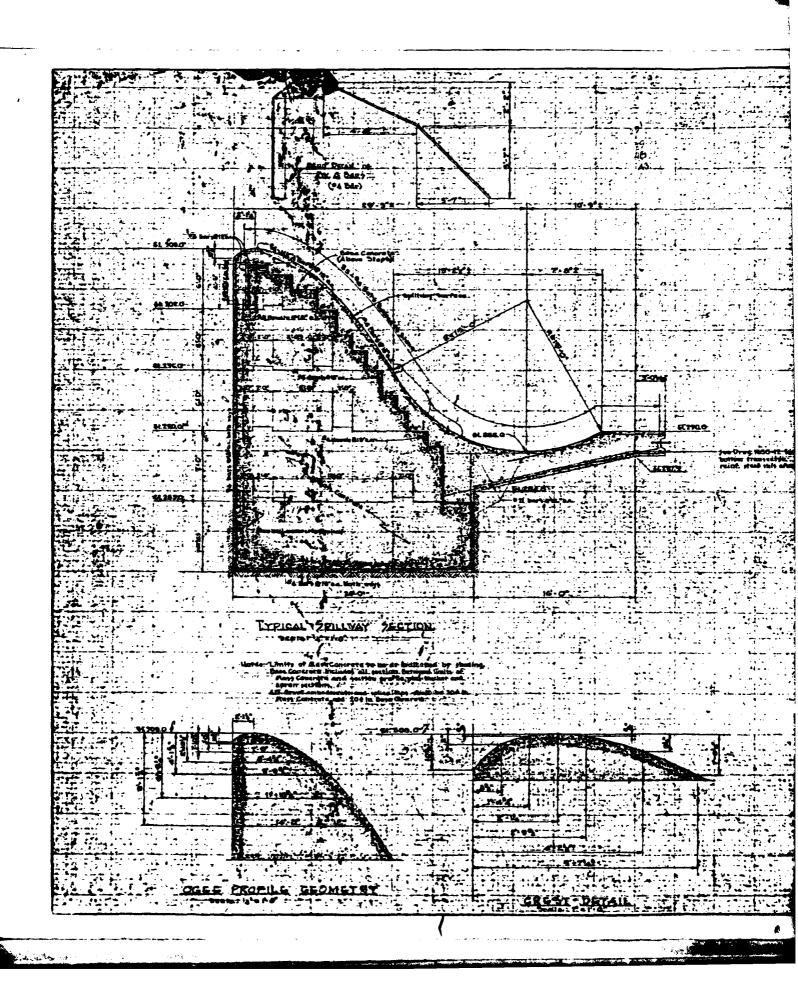






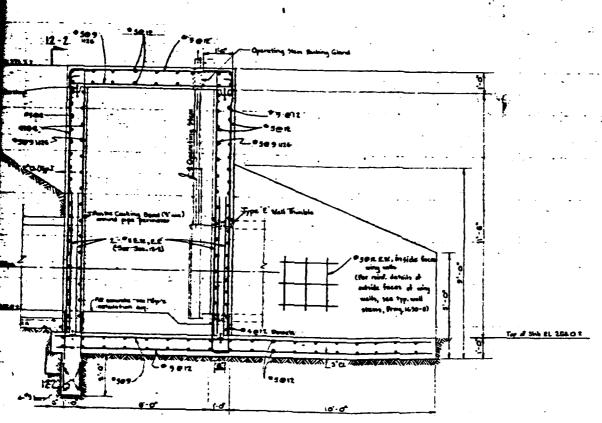


Than Rose of Evices Plate Ration M 7 SECTION A'A SPILLWAY PLAN & ELEVATIONS LINGANION CHEK DAM b

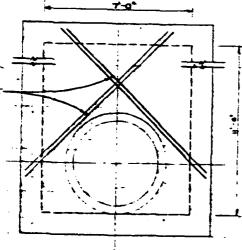


2-14-14-6 LINGANORE CREEK DAM 1850-PLATE

18' - 8 Y



SECTION 12 -1



SECTION 12-2

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SLUICE GATE WALLT ... LINGANORE - CREEK DAN 1630 - 18

PLATE,

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17.0 Cares wand to bedly frequency	Sorry sheds and slate	Cored 9.0' Recovered 76%	Cored 9.0'	ا ا 🏖			Sered & Ch.	17.1	4
Corner S.O.	Cored 5.0 Recovered 12%	44	Serve sound to	100	Brown silts	. <u>.</u> .[TO.	Recovered
Recovered 84% 20	GC ()	house offer	badly fractural	} }	Brown silty clay with same sand	19.2		<u></u>	}
28.0	Cored 50' West	hours efter pletion of baring or level et 6.5	Gered S.O.	22.0	• •	[5	Cored 5.0'		Cored 6.0
Cored 5.0	Recevered 80%	23	10.3	- 1 1	Gray silty		Recovered 70%		1
Recovered SOL 25	•		- X]		eart clay	242	1	220	3307 man
27.0	Cored 5.0	,	Gered 4.0'		٠.		Corned 5.0' Recovered 54%	e e	}
Cared 5.0	Recovered 84%	. 26	انگای	27.5	Heathered gray shale	E:			Cored &C
Recovered 78% SQ			·	***		292	Core sound to builty fractured	280	1
المامود المامود	Gray broken shate. Cores sound to body fractured	of	completion bering		Cored 5.0 Recovered 601		3		Gored 5.0 Recovered
:	Gered 5.0' Recevered 8.0%		ter level at 8.0'		Gray broken shale Core	·K	Cored 5.0' Recovered 94%	ķ.	dray bad! broken sh
****	Recevered 80%			342	ebula, Core sound to budly broken .	34.2	1	340	Germ sour
 Atcompletion. of boring Wefsr leveler \$2.0° 				· [/]	MELLY DEPREM	· &	المناعة	- [.1	frectured
WETER NEED NEED									
: . : '	Recevered 90%				Corad 6.0' Recovered 921		Reterence BOX		Cored B.O
	Recevered 90%	·	· ·	***	Recovered 921	3025	1	380	Cored B.O Respyered
40.	Recevered 90%		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	380	Cored 9.0
40.	Receivered 90%		· .		Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira effer	500	Cored S.C Resovered Cored S.C Resovered
40.	Recevered 90%			***	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	380	Cored 9.0
# 2.4 Put College Wal To	Recevered 90%		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	380	Responsed
# 24 h comp wate	Recevered 90%		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	380	Cored 5.0 Cared 5.0 Recovered
# 24 h comp wate	Recevered 90%			***	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	443	Cored 5.0 Facoverne Cared 5.0 Recoverne Gray badi
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			***	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	443	Cored 5.0
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	443	Cornel S.C Recovered Cornel S.C Recovered Gray had! brotten the Cornel Sec
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	443	Cored 5.0 Facoverne Cared 5.0 Recoverne Gray badi
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	443	Cornel S. Cornel
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	443	Cornel S. Cornel
*26.Fr Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	443	Cornel S. Cornel
*26. *26 Processing water	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S.C. Recoverse Gray badi broken shi b
*26 Processing	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S.C. Recovers Gray bed broken the broken the bed broken the bed broken the bed broken to be bed broken to be bed broken to be bed by broken the bed S.C. Cornel S.C. Recovers
*26.Fr Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S. Recovery Gray bed broken to broken to Recovery Gray bed broken to broken to be addity broken to Recovery
*26.Fr Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S. Recovery Gray bed broken to broken to Recovery Gray bed broken to broken to be addity broken to Recovery
*26 Processing	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S. Recovery Gray bed broken to broken to Recovery Gray bed broken to broken to be addity broken to Recovery
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S. Recovery Gray bed broken to broken to Recovery Gray bed broken to broken to be addity broken to Recovery
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S.C. Recovers Gray bed broken the broken the bed broken the bed broken the bed broken to be bed broken to be bed broken to be bed by broken the bed S.C. Cornel S.C. Recovers
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S.C. Recovers Gray bed broken the broken the bed broken the bed broken the bed broken to be bed broken to be bed broken to be bed by broken the bed S.C. Cornel S.C. Recovers
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#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S.C. Recovers Gray badi broken badiy broken shi
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S.C. Recovers Gray badi broken badiy broken shi
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S.C. Recovered Gray bodi broiter sh Gore som hadly bro Recovered Gorad S.C. Recovered Gorad S.C. Recovered
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S.C. Recovers Gray badi broken badiy broken shi
#24 *24 Composer	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornel S.C. Recoverse Gray badi broken bady broken sh Gere year James S.C. Recoverse Govel S.C. Recoverse Cornel S.C. Recoverse
* 24 Control with Television Control with Television Control with Television Control C	Recevered 90%			50.2	Recovered 921	9 24 hou	ira after	440 540 980	Cornd G. Recevery Cornd G. Recevery Gray bad brotten vi Cornd S. Recevery Sandly brotten Cornd S. Recevery Gray S. Recevery Cornd S. Recevery

B. (197,764) (N976 1.67)- (Ond		1 9707,870	5 -		N 976, 50	-4 12;6707,878) 1.271.55)	5-	5	6 -	6 B	n; 6707,645); C
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<u> </u>	1	Tepseli]	(Sandari I		Specil de	\perp	Torrell	
bount clayay Afty olay with Truck		Gray clayer. sait with at truce of	10	Water Brown and gray sift with wand and grave! Gray bilt and	0.5 12 3.5	4	10	Topocali 64	10	.	Second depois with the second metal
graval awar clayay It and gravet	1	Some and area	28	corned shale Corned S.O' He recovery Chray wentherse shale	. 60	with some sand and booldars		Brown and gray slay and silf with a trace of sand and broker shale.	1	44	
	20		Z 3 (2)	Cared 6.0' Recovered 827		Brown and gray	14 12.5		w	Securiality ctay with some send 12.0 and ground and buston shale + 9	66
med Lo		Cored S.O	3.5	Gray shale Core mode rated spathered to budly fractured	714.3	Gray weathered their		Brown clayey slift with some sand	•	marcon starts	le de la constant de
19.1 P. C. Servered S.O. P. Serv	公 公			Cored S.O' Rezovered SS! pletten of hole dry	2 19.2 Pg		40	Gray and brown clayar sitt (Wathered shale) sites sand 'and gravel	4,	forms clasery sift fedelistend thatel	17
bearing 50%		Goved 9.0' Recovered 96%	esrinq	nels dry	242	Cored 5.0'	23.0	Cored 5.0' Recovered 60%	- 7%		
pred 8.0' provered 70% SRI	AXX.	Cored 3.0' Recovered 82%			29.2	Recovered 76% Gray braken shelo. Core slightly west here to badly	•	Sney broken sheld. Core natured to badly fractured. 28.	Dog.	dray mathered she's	Step Team and the brain sand years
bred 5.0' Bornered 8.0' Bray badly Palign shale Sale Badly	1	Recovered 86% dray broken shale. Gare sound to bedly fractured	•	•	34.2	fractured Cored 5.0' Recovered 8.4%	- 88 -0	Cored 3.0 Recovered 79%		Cored S.D* No resovery 93.0	
Shedly Pastured pred 5.0' Septemed 14% 39.1	\times	Gared 5.0'. Receivered 60%				Cored 5.0' Pox	- N	Cored 2.0° 56. Recovered 02% Cored 3.0° Recovered 92%		Garad 3.0° 39.5 Recovered 30% Gray broken abele. Gara sound to budly fractured 38.9	Recovered, SSR
pred 5.0'		Cored 9.0' Recovered 82%			* *A har	ro after rion of boring level at 11.0"		dray brotten sheld. 40. Core sound to molerately fractured		Cored S.Or 48.0 Recovered 60%	Tored S.O.
manana sax c	اوسى	ours after etion of boring level at 4.0				•	At compl of borin water to	stion 46. Tel at (8.5°		Cored S.O' TO'S Electrical TO'S Gray broken shale.	Small y design
top bodly feller shele, its sound to Esty broken						•		50	1	budly broken 48.1	Recovered 90%
ped S.O' Secured 80%									()	Cared 5.0' Recovered 64%	-95
pred 5.0' Becovered 56%			<u> </u>					56	3	Cored S.C. Recovered 90%	
effer m of boring M of 10.0'								# 2.	4 hor	ure after ition of boring level at 26.0	4 - 4 - 5 - 4 - 4 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -
		•								, , .	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O
Ing :deln. In Studies a	~ &	rhorteen, Jing, 1969.		• •	•					COUTRACT Now 10,	
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			• •		•	••			Γ	linganors ce	GEKIPAM . MSO-E

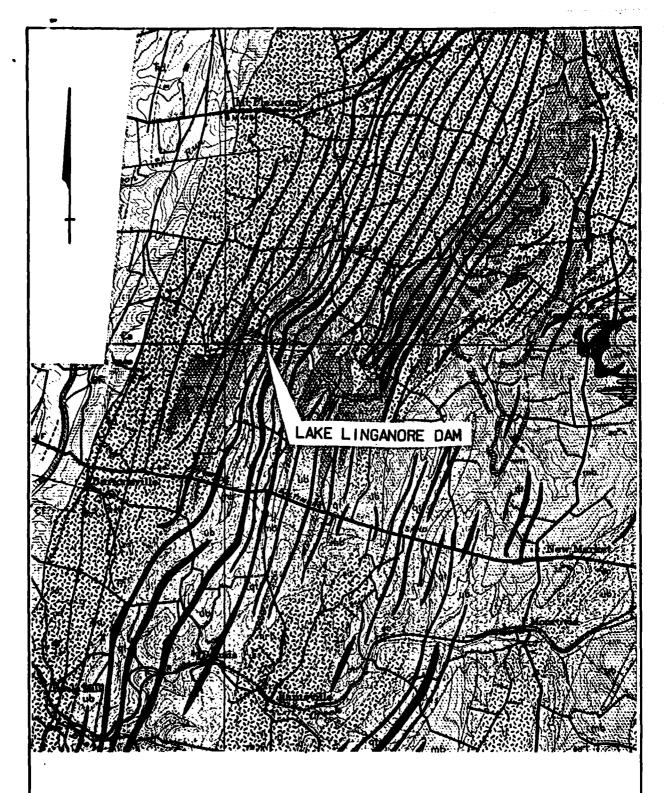
PLATE E-M

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APPENDIX F
GEOLOGY

APPENDIX F REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The Lake Linganore Dam is located within the Piedmont Physiographic Province and is situated on rock strata consisting of Pre-Cambrian metarhyolite and metaandesite. These formations are included in a stratigraphic sequence of Pre-Cambrian metamorphic rock formations located immediately southeast of the Martic Overthrust, a thrust fault along which the Pre-Cambrian rocks were brought into contact with the Cambrian rock formations of the Frederick Valley. The strata in the vicinity of the dam dip moderately to steeply to the southeast.



SCALE

1 1

2 M1.

REFERENCE:

GEOLOGIC MAP OF FREDERICK COUNTY, PREPARED BY THE STATE OF MARYLAND, MARYLAND GEOLOGICAL SURYEY, DATED 1938 LAKE LINGANORE DAM

GEOLOGY MAP

RUMMEL, KLEPPER & KAHL

LEGEND



Quartzite beds

Quartisto bods
(Massire white quartites with serielle partings: thinner purple, green, and white quartites and serielle quartite, ferryginous and calcareous in part, probably a pyrocialic containing fine round white and blue ferriginous quarts grains and green serielle quarticose pellets, conglomeratic in places. These quartite bods are inhided with, and overlie, Marburg schiel. Hamsville phylite, metaandesile, metarhyndile, and metabusalt. Thry are also interbedded and infinited with Irisma phylite in the Suparion gractine. Closely philed; transverse classage has sheared on the bedding, which is rarely visible; quarts veius fill the fractures)



Ijamsville phyllite

(Saft, blue, purple, and green phyllitic state, in places with flattenet anygolaloidal blebs; quartz with green stay layers, probably a pyrrotuste injection purallel to the layers; compused of muscovite, chiefte or chordivid, quartz, and fine layers; this calcarents layers, who, south of Park state bander with quartznet layers; interbedded with metarhynite and metaandasite flows. In part equivalent to Marburg schiet)



Metarhyolite and metaandesite

Moterny office and metaandestro-cidesh-purple to bite artistone amyedoloidal us, containing fine timentic and tron codes at: only larger areas separately mapped; tudes purple and white sericitic quartelle of rades purple and tayers of metabasest, not availedy mapped)



Urbana phyllite



Metabasalt

REFERENCE:

SEOLOGIC MAP OF FREDERICK COURTY, PREPARED BY THE STATE OF MARYLAND, MARYLAND SEBLOSICAL SURVEY.

LAKE LINGANORE DAM GEOLOGY MAP RUMMEL, KLEPPER & KAHL

